

Legislation / local law requirements	This Policy has been prepared under the provisions of Schedule 2, Part 2 and 3 of the <i>Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015.</i>
Relevant delegations	16.1.1 Determination of various applications for development approval under the City's Local Planning Scheme
Related policies, procedures and supporting documentation	Nil

PART 1 – PRELIMINARY

PURPOSE

The purpose of this Policy is to:

- 1. Establish a framework to identify areas within the City of Vincent that contain characteristics that are valued by the community; and
- 2. Provide guidance on development in identified Character Retention Areas and Heritage Areas.

OBJECTIVE

- 1. To identify areas within the City that contain characteristics valued by the community to be known as Character Retention Areas and/or Heritage Areas;
- 2. To establish a planning and design framework to protect the streetscapes located within Character Retention Areas and/or Heritage Areas;
- 3. To ensure that new buildings and additions to existing buildings will be sympathetic to the unique character of the streetscape; and
- 4. To distinguish between buildings within each Character Retention Area and/or Heritage Areas that contribute to the integrity of the streetscape and those which do not.

SCOPE

This Policy applies to:

- 1. The process used to identify and formally recognise Character Retention Areas and Heritage Areas;
- 2. The identification and listing of development standards which will be used in assessing all development applications for properties within those Character Retention Areas and Heritage Areas;
- 3. Appendix 1 of this Policy applies to applications for development in the St Albans Avenue Character Retention Area identified in Table 1 in Appendix 1;
- 4. Appendix 2 of this Policy applies to applications for development in the Harley Street Heritage Area identified on Figure 1 in Appendix 2;



- 5. Appendix 3 of this Policy applies to applications for development in the Carr Street Character Retention Area identified on Figure 1 in Appendix 3;
- 6. Appendix 4 of this Policy applies to applications for development in the Janet Street Character Retention Area identified on Figure 1 in Appendix 4; and
- 7. Appendix 5 of this Policy applies to applications for development in The Boulevarde, Kalgoorlie Street and Matlock Street Character Retention Area identified in Table 1 in Appendix 5.

RELATIONSHIP TO OTHER DOCUMENTS

This Local Planning Policy forms part of the City of Vincent local planning policy framework. Where this Policy is inconsistent with the City's local planning scheme, the local planning scheme prevails. Where this Policy is inconsistent with an adopted Local Development Plan, Activity Centre Plan or Structure Plan, the adopted Local Development Plan, Activity Centre Plan prevails.

Where this Policy is permitted to amend or replace the Deemed to Comply provisions under Clause 7.3.1(a) of the Residential Design Codes, the provisions of this Policy shall prevail. Where this Policy augments the Design Principles under Clause 7.3.1(b) of the Residential Design Codes by providing Local Housing Objectives, both the Design Principles of the Residential Design Codes and the Local Housing Objectives of this Policy shall apply.

Where this Policy is inconsistent with the provisions of another local planning policy the provisions of this Policy shall prevail.



PART 2 – POLICY PROVISIONS

1. Development Standards

- 1.1. Applications for development that comply with the relevant 'Deemed to Comply' policy provisions and 'Local Housing Objectives' are considered to meet the Policy Objectives.
- 1.2 Applications for development that seek departure from the 'Deemed to Comply' policy provisions may be deemed to be acceptable where:
 - 1.2.1 The applicant applies for assessment, and provides adequate justification, against the relevant Design Principles of the R-Codes, Design Objectives, Local Housing Objectives, Policy Objectives and Objectives of the local planning scheme; and
 - 1.2.2 The application obtains the support of the City's Design Advisory Committee where the City determines it to be necessary.
- 1.3 The City will assess and determine at its discretion that the same or better outcome will be achieved than would have been provided by the 'Deemed to Comply' criteria.
- 1.4 Applications for development shall include a contextual elevation showing the elevation of the proposed development and the existing development on the adjoining properties either side pursuant to Schedule 2, Part 8, Clause 63(1)(d) of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015.*

2. Character Retention Area Nomination

- 2.1 A Character Retention Area may include the following:
 - 2.1.1 A collection of no less than five adjoining buildings;
 - 2.1.2 A street block; or
 - 2.1.3 A part of, or whole suburb.
- 2.2 A Character Retention Area may be nominated in writing by a member of the public or by the City.
- 2.3 The City will only proceed with the nomination of the Character Retention Area where it is demonstrated by the nominee that owners of at least 40% of affected properties support proceeding with the nomination.

3. Consultation and Preparation of Guidelines

- 3.1 Following the successful nomination of a Character Retention Area, all owners of the affected properties will be notified of the intention to proceed with the nomination.
- 3.2 The City will invite all owners of the affected properties to attend a facilitated workshop to:
 - 3.2.1 Discuss what the prevailing character of the area is and how it can best be protected;
 - 3.2.2 Agree which buildings contribute to the character of the area and which do not; and
 - 3.2.3 Prepare a policy framework (the Guidelines) and draft provisions to protect the identified character of the area.
- 3.3 This workshop will be held at a mutually agreed time between the City and the owners of the affected properties. This group is not a decision making authority but acts only in an advisory capacity.



3.4 The City may abandon the nomination at any time during this process if there is a prevailing view from the community that it no longer wishes to proceed.

4. Approval of the Guidelines

- 4.1 Once the draft Guidelines have been prepared, Administration will request that Council initiate formal consultation in accordance with the City's community consultation policy.
- 4.2 Following advertising, Council will be asked to approve, refuse or approve with modifications the Guidelines to be included as an appendix to this policy based on the submissions received.

5. Amendments to the Guidelines

- 5.1 The City may consider amending the Character Retention Area Guidelines where it can be demonstrated that owners of at least 40% of the affected properties support the amendment(s).
- 5.2 Council must initiate formal consultation to advertise any amendment(s) in accordance with the City's community consultation policy.
- 5.3 Following advertising, Council will be asked to determine the amendment(s) on the basis of the submissions received.

6. Rescission of a Character Retention Area

- 6.1 The City will only consider initiating the removal of a Character Retention Area where it can be demonstrated that owners of at least 60% of the affected properties support their removal.
- 6.2 If supported, Council must initiate formal consultation to amend the policy to remove the Character Retention Area in accordance with the City's community consultation policy.
- 6.3 Following advertising, Council will be asked to determine the amendment on the basis of the submissions received.

7. Heritage Areas

- 7.1 The City may consider designating a Heritage Area in accordance with Part 3 of Schedule 2 of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015* in the following instances:
 - 7.1.1 Where a nomination has been received for a Character Retention Area in accordance with (1) of this policy and the City is satisfied the area is suitably qualified to be designated as a Heritage Area following a Heritage Assessment;
 - 7.1.2 Where the City has undertaken a Heritage Assessment of any area and is satisfied it is suitably qualified to be designated as a Heritage Area following a Heritage Assessment.
- 7.2 If an area qualifies as a Heritage Area, the City will consult with affected landowners on the designation prior to making a recommendation to Council on whether to proceed in accordance with Part 3 of Schedule 2 of the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015.*



APPENDIX 1: ST ALBANS AVENUE GUIDELINES

Table 1: Properties included in St Albans Avenue Character Retention Area

	Character Retention Areas Name	Street Number of Contributing Buildings	Street Number of Non-Contributing Buildings
1.	St Albans	6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18	9, 11A, 17
		7, 11, 15	

St Albans Avenue is located in the suburb of Highgate, to the west of Beaufort Street. Many of the residences located within the area were part of the 1890 Chatsworth Estate development, which was a residential development resulting from the Gold Boom. Buildings constructed during this time contribute to the highly intact and visually cohesive area.

KEY CHARACTERISTICS

- The area is a highly intact example of late nineteenth to early twentieth century residential development comprising fine examples of modest, single storey dwellings constructed in the Federation period of architecture;
- The overall form, style, height, setback and selection of materials of the character dwellings contribute to the uniformity of the streetscape, providing a coherent character with a high level of retained original detail including street facing verandahs and decorative gables;
- Generally consistent lot widths (where semi-detached residences are considered as one);
- A low number of carports or garages to street fronts; and
- Generally consistent setback of dwellings from the street.

DESIRED DEVELOPMENT OUTCOMES

- Retention and conservation of the Federation style dwellings;
- Retention of the visual dominance of late nineteenth to early twentieth century residential development within the Area.

1. DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES FOR CONTRIBUTING BUILDINGS

	Design Objectives						
1.1	Demolition						
1.1	.1 Applications for the full demolition of the façade of dwellings will not be supported.						
1.1	.2 The removal of original character features from a contributing dwelling which, are visible from the street will not be supported. Where original character features have been removed from dwellings, they should be reinstated where possible.						

1.2 Building Setbacks

- **1.2.1** Additions to the building, will only be supported where they are located behind the building.
- **1.2.2** Additions to the side of the original dwelling maybe supported where the applicant can demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Council that there are no adverse impacts on the original building façade and the character of the streetscape.



Design Objectives

1.2.3 Side setbacks variations may be supported where they are in line with the existing dwelling and is in keeping with the rhythm of the existing streetscape.

1.3 Building Walls

1.3.1 Variations to the building wall height may be supported if the proposed height is a continuation of the existing dwelling, and is in keeping with the rhythm of the existing streetscape.

1.4 Building Height

- **1.4.1** Where an addition proposes an additional storey, it must not exceed 1 storey above the number of storeys of the original dwelling.
- **1.4.2** Any additional storey must be setback sufficiently to be in keeping with the rhythm of the streetscape.

1.5 Car Parking, Garages and Car Ports

- **1.5.1** Carports or garages are not to be located within the front setback area. Hardstand car parking bays may be supported where it can be demonstrated that there are no visual impacts on the streetscape.
- **1.5.2** Car ports and garages may be supported where they are located to the side or rear of a dwelling and are set back a minimum of 500mm behind the main building line. The structure must be open or a minimum of 50% visually permeable.

1.6 Street Walls and Fences

- **1.6.1** Traditional fencing types as illustrated in Figure 1 (Appendix 1) are encouraged. Minor variations to the examples indicated in Figure 1 may be supported.
- **1.6.2** The maximum height of new fences facing the street is to be 1200mm above the adjacent footpath level.
- **1.6.3** The maximum height of any solid portion of a new fence is to be 750mm above the adjacent footpath level. The remaining portion (up to 1200mm total height) is to be a minimum of 50% visually permeable.

1.7 External Features and Decorative Treatments

1.7.1 Original and intact unpainted surfaces are not permitted to be rendered or painted.

1.7.2 Removal of paint/render from originally unpainted/non-rendered masonry is supported.

1.7.3 Loft additions may be supported where the development is contained wholly within the roof space and where no visible change to the dwellings appearance from the street is made.



Design Objectives

1.8 Roof Works

1.8.1 New roofing additions must be sympathetic to the existing roof form.

2. DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES FOR NON-CONTRIBUTING BUILDINGS

Design Objectives

2.1 Demolition

2.1.1 Applications for full demolition of dwellings may be supported.

2.2 Building Setbacks

2.2.1 Setback variations may be supported where they are in line with existing dwellings on the street and is in keeping with the rhythm of the existing streetscape.

2.3 Appearance of Additions & New Dwellings

2.3.1 New dwellings must address the street and be consistent with the bulk and scale of adjacent dwellings.

2.4 Building Height

2.4.1 The height of any new development shall not exceed 2 storeys.

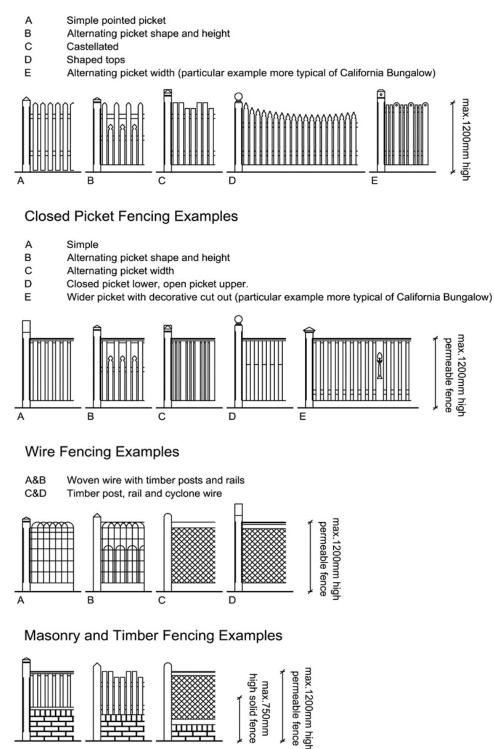
2.5 Street Walls and Fences

- **2.5.1** The maximum height of new fences facing the street is to be 1200mm above the adjacent footpath level.
- **2.5.2** The maximum height of any solid portion of a new fence is to be 750mm above the adjacent footpath level. The remaining portion (up to 1200mm total height) is to be a minimum of 50% visually permeable.
- **2.5.3** The use of contemporary style fences that complement the existing streetscape will be supported.



3. APPROPRIATE FENCING TYPES FOR CHARACTER RETENTION AREAS







APPENDIX 2: HARLEY STREET HERITAGE AREA GUIDELINES

These guidelines are to be read in conjunction with the City's Policy 7.5.15 – Character Retention Areas and Heritage Areas.



Figure 1: Harley Street Heritage Area

1. PURPOSE

These guidelines have been adopted for the purpose of preserving and enhancing the established neighbourhood character and amenity of Harley Street, while allowing for new development that meets the changing needs of the community.

The guidelines:

- 1. Provide a comprehensive basis for the control of all development within Harley Street including new development and additions/alterations to existing development;
- 2. Replace the deemed to comply requirements and/or provide additional deemed to comply requirements in relation to certain elements of the R-Codes.

2. STATEMENT OF HERITAGE SIGNIFICANCE

Harley Street has moderate aesthetic value through its dominant display of single storey residences constructed in the Federation style of architecture.



Harley Street has moderate historic value as an almost complete example of a 19th century streetscape, with the residences that were predominantly built in the late1890s -1910s. It provides a good and rare historic record of the accommodation of people in this period.

Harley Street demonstrates a unified and cohesive physical form in the public realm. The overall form, style, height, setback and selection of materials of the historic dwellings contribute to the uniformity of the streetscapes, providing a coherent character with varied levels of intactness.

Harley Street contains a good representation of the wide variety of building design applied to the inner city residential areas during the Gold Rush period of 1891 to 1919. This includes substantial single residential dwellings with individual architectural detail, modest single residential dwellings, semidetached and terraced dwellings. All these styles are represented in Harley Street, and although alterations have been undertaken to some of the dwellings, and some new replacement development has occurred in the 1980s, the streetscape is largely consistent with the styles of the Gold Boom period and construction applied during this time.

Overall, Harley Street is a highly intact example of late nineteenth to early twentieth century residential development comprising fine examples of modest single storey dwellings constructed in the Federation period of architecture.

Property Address	Constructed (circa)	Architectural style ¹	Level of Significance
1A-1C Harley	c.1988	Post-war Conventional Suburban Style	No contribution
2 Harley	c.2017	Contemporary	No contribution
3 Harley	c.1898	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
4 Harley	c.1914	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
6 Harley	c.1900	Federation Queen Anne	Moderate contribution
7, 9, 11 & 13 Harley	c.1898	Federation Italianate	Moderate contribution
10 Harley	c.1905	Federation Queen Anne	Moderate contribution
14 Harley	c.2017	Contemporary	No contribution
15A & 15B Harley	c.1982	Reproduction of Federation Terrace	No contribution
16 Harley	c.1908	Federation Queen Anne	Moderate contribution
17 Harley	c.1900	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
19 Harley	c.1900	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
20 Harley	c.1898	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
21 Harley	c.1898	Federation Queen Anne	Moderate contribution
22 Harley	c.1899	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
23 Harley	c.1910	Federation Queen Anne	Moderate contribution
24 Harley	c.1898	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
25 Harley	c.1903	Federation Queen Anne	Moderate contribution
27 Harley	c.1905	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
28 Harley	c.1898	Federation Queen Anne	Moderate contribution
30 Harley	c.1988	Post-war Conventional Suburban Style	No contribution
31 Harley	c.1908	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
32 Harley	c.1900	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
33 Harley	c.1920	Federation Bungalow with Inter War California Bungalow elements	Moderate contribution
36 Harley	c.1905	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
38 Harley	c.1905	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution
39 Harley	c.1898	Federation Bungalow	Moderate contribution

3. RECORD OF PLACES OF HERITAGE SIGNIFICANCE

¹ The architectural style applied to dwellings below are based on those outlined in *Identifying Australian Architecture* by *Apperly, Irving and Reynolds* and the City of Vincent Housing Style Guide.



4. HARLEY STREET LOCAL HOUSING OBJECTIVES

- Retention and conservation of the original Federation style dwellings;
- Protection and enhancement of existing streetscape character;
- Retention of the visual character of late nineteenth to early twentieth century residential development;
- Encourage a high standard of architectural and sustainable design solutions for additions to existing development and new development;
- Additions to existing development and new development is appropriately set back so as to maintain the visual prominence of the single storey streetscape when viewed from Harley Street;
- New development is to respond appropriately to the surrounding street context through:
 - consistent scale and bulk in relation to the original street pattern, maintaining front and side setback patterns;
 - built form that incorporates consistent physical built form elements without the requirement to mimic the style of the original character dwellings;
- The reinstatement and reconstruction of missing design elements to original building facades such a timber verandahs, decorative timber gables and the removal of render from original brickwork; and site features such as landscaping and front fences;
- Maintain the absence of and promote the removal of visually intrusive car storage structures and spaces and vehicular crossovers to the primary streetscape; and
- Maintain an open atmosphere of street frontage by ensuring front boundary fences are low and/or visually permeable.

5. DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES FOR ALL DEVELOPMENT

Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			Deemed to Comply Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions replace the Deemed to Comply requirements in the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Deemed-to- Comply provisions.		
		Street	Setbacks	;	
Augment 5.1.2 P2.1	Augment 6.1.3 P3	Dwellings should not detract from the streetscape by being set back too close or too far from the front boundary when compared with adjacent properties and the predominant streetscape character.	Replace 5.1.2 C2.1	Replace 6.1.3 C3.1	Ground floor street setbacks to be an average of the two directly adjoining properties on either side of the proposed development. First floor development shall not be located within 10 meters of the
New 5.1.2 P2.3	New 6.1.3 P3.1	First floor development is to be adequately setback to maintain the predominant single storey appearance of the streetscape.			primary street boundary; or First floor development shall not be visible from Harley Street when measured in accordance with 'Figure 2 – Line of Sight'.



Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			provision listed sec	nnt to clause : s replace the tions of the F to the R-Cod		des, the following requirements in the relopment that is not
		Lot Bound	ary Setba	acks		
Augment 5.1.3 P3.1	Augment 6.1.4 P4.1	Reduce impacts of building bulk on adjoining properties by maintaining a setback similar to any adjoining properties or the predominant development context while also complying with relevant overshadowing and visual privacy requirements.				
		Buildir	ng Height		I	
Augment 5.1.6 P6	Augment 6.1.2 P2	Building height that creates no adverse impact on the amenity of adjoining properties or the streetscape by maintaining similar features of adjoining properties or the streetscape in terms of scale and proportions. The plate height of new dwellings, particularly the portions in view from the street, should approximate the street's typical wall plate height to avoid an under scaled squat appearance. <i>Note: The plate heights on Harley</i> <i>Street are typically around 40</i> <i>courses, usually starting above</i> <i>limestone footings equal to the</i> <i>internal floor level.</i>	Replace 5.1.6 C6 5.1.6 C6 5.1.6 C6.1	Replace 6.1.2 C2	comply with the measurements Element Top of external wall (roof above) Top of external wall (concealed roof) Top of pitched roof Loft additions w wholly within th where no visibil to the dwelling' from the street.	 e 2 storeys and e following Max allowable Heights for Two Storey Dwellings 7 metres 8 meters 10 metres vill be contained e roof space and e change is made s appearance front facing rs and gables to lofts to be storey for the



Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			Deemed to Comply Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions replace the Deemed to Comply requirements in the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Deemed-to- Comply provisions.			
		Vehicul	ar Acces	s		
Augment 5.3.5 P5.1	Augment 6.3.5 P5	No crossovers to Harley Street unless the property has no other vehicular access opportunities.				
		Setback of Gara	ages and	Carports		
Augment 5.2.1	Augment 6.3.4	Maintain the absence of visually intrusive car storage facilities within the streetscape.	Replace 5.2.1 C1.1, C1.2 and C1.5		Carports, garages or hardstand car bays are to be located at the rear of the property where ROW access is available.	
		Street S	urveilland	ce		
Augment 5.2.3 P3	Augment 6.2.1 P1.1	Buildings to be designed to encourage active use and actual surveillance of the front yard by including verandahs, porches or Outdoor Living Areas and by including	Replace 5.2.3 C3.1	Replace 6.2.1 C1.1	Ensure a front verandah is incorporated into the façade of new dwellings (at a minimum of 50% of the width of the front facade) with a useable minimum depth of 1.8 metres.	
		habitable rooms at the front of the dwelling.	Replace 5.2.3 C3.2	Replace 6.2.1 C1.2	Incorporate habitable rooms to the front of the development with generous openings to provide street engagement and passive surveillance to the street.	
		Street Wall	s and Fe	nces		
Augment 5.2.4 P4	Augment 6.2.2 P2	Ensure front boundary fences enhance the streetscape by being designed in the predominant style of the street and are low enough to retain views to dwellings and front gardens.	Replace 5.2.4 C4	Replace 6.2.2 C2	 a) The maximum height of new fences facing the street is to be 1.2 metres above the adjacent footpath level; b) The maximum height of any solid portion of a new fence is to be 500mm above the adjacent footpath level. The remaining portion is to be a minimum of 40% visually permeable; c) The maximum height of fence piers with decorative capping to be 1.8 metres above the adjacent footpath level; and d) Maximum width of piers to be 470mm; 	
					or e) The maximum height of new fences facing the street is to be 1.8 metres above the adjacent footpath level;	



Local H sections	Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			nt to clause 7 s replace the tions of the R to the R-Cod	emed to Comply 7.3.1 (a) of the R-Codes, the following Deemed to Comply requirements in the R-Codes. For all development that is not es, the following apply as Deemed-to- comply provisions.
					 f) The maximum height of any solid portion of a new fence is to be 750mm above the adjacent footpath level. The remaining portion is to be a minimum of 80% visually permeable; and g) The maximum height of fence piers with decorative capping to be 2.0 metres above the adjacent footpath level; or h) Fencing types as illustrated in the diagrams below are permitted. Variations to the examples indicated below may be supported where it can be demonstrated that they are compatible with the existing fence styles in the street.
		General Bu	ilding De	sign	
New 5.4.6 P6.1	New 6.2.4 P4.3	The roof of a building is to be designed so that it is similar to the existing streetscape character.	New 5.4.6 C6.1	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Roof pitch of ground and upper storeys of between 30 and 40 degrees, with 35 to 45 degree pitches to gables where it can be viewed from the street.
New 5.4.6 P6.2	New 6.2.4 P4.4	New buildings must respond to the prevailing surrounding character and ensure unsympathetic contrasts in scale, mass and materials are avoided.	New 5.4.6 C6.2	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	New dwellings' floor levels match, or mediate between, properties on both sides of the proposed dwelling. Floor levels of the original dwellings in Harley Street are raised approximately 300 - 500mm above footpath level, which assists to define the verandah area and provide additional privacy as views into front rooms are obscured.
New 5.4.6 P6.3	New 6.2.4 P4.5	Each street facing window should have a style that suits the predominant character of the street and the architectural style of the proposed dwelling.	New 5.4.6 C6.3	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Street facing windows have a height of at least 1.6 times their width.
New 5.4.6 P6.4	New 6.2.4 P4.6	Additions visible from the street should be compatible with and respectful of the existing dwelling and the predominant character of the existing dwellings within the street.	New 5.4.6 C6.4	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Additions to existing buildings will only be supported where they are located behind the original facade and set back so that the existing front building and roof form remains the dominant feature to the street.



Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.	Deemed to Comply Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions replace the Deemed to Comply requirements in the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Deemed-to- Comply provisions.
Den	nolition
Applications for development approval should maintain the front façade of a contributing dwelling.	Applications for development approval that retain the original dwelling are considered acceptable.
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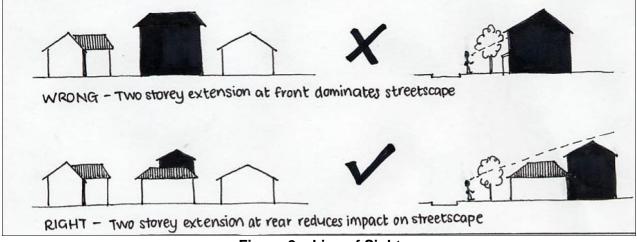


Figure 2 – Line of Sight



6. RECOMMENDED FENCING STYLES FOR HARLEY STREET















APPENDIX 3: CARR STREET GUIDELINES

These guidelines are to be read in conjunction with the City's Policy 7.5.15 – Character Retention Areas and Heritage Areas.



Figure 1 – Carr Street Character Retention Area

1. PURPOSE

These guidelines have been adopted for the purpose of preserving and enhancing the established neighbourhood character and amenity of Carr Street, while allowing for new development that meets the changing needs of the community.

The guidelines:

- 1. Provide a basis for the control of all development within Carr Street including new dwellings and additions/alterations to existing buildings;
- 2. Replace the deemed to comply requirements and/or provide additional deemed to comply requirements in relation to certain elements of the R-Codes.

2. CARR STREET LOCAL HOUSING OBJECTIVES

- Retention and conservation the original Federation and Interwar Bungalow style dwellings;
- Protection and enhancement of existing streetscape character;
- Retention of the visual character of late nineteenth to early twentieth century residential development;
- Encourage a high standard of architectural and sustainable design solutions for additions to existing buildings and the development of new buildings;
- Additions to existing buildings and new dwellings are appropriately setback so as to maintain the visual prominence of the single storey streetscape when viewed from Carr Street;
- New development is to respond appropriately to the surrounding street context through:
 - consistent scale and bulk in relation to the original street pattern, maintaining front and side setback patterns;



- built form that incorporates consistent physical built form elements without the requirement to mimic the style of the original character dwellings;
- The reinstatement and reconstruction of missing design elements to original building facades such a timber verandah, decorative timber gables and the removal of paint and render from original brickwork;
- Maintain the absence of visually intrusive car storage structures and spaces and vehicular crossovers to the primary streetscape; and
- Maintain an open street frontage by ensuring front boundary fences are low and/or visually permeable.

3. DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES FOR ALL BUILDINGS

Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R- Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			Deemed to Comply Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions replace the Deemed to Comply requirements in the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Deemed-to- Comply provisions. Setbacks		
Augment 5.1.2 P2.1 New 5.1.2 P2.3	Augment 6.1.3 P3 New 6.1.3 P3.1	Dwellings should not detract from the streetscape by being set back too close or too far from the front boundary when compared with adjacent properties or the predominant streetscape character. First floor development is to be adequately setback to maintain the predominant single storey appearance of the streetscape.	Replace 5.1.2 C2.1	Replace 6.1.3 C3.1	Ground floor street setbacks to be an average of the two directly adjoining properties on either side of the proposed development. First floor development shall not be located within 4 meters of the ground floor primary street setback; or First floor development shall not be visible from Carr Street when measured in accordance with 'Figure 2 – Line of Sight'.
	I	Lot Bounda	ary Setbacks	I	
Augment 5.1.3 P3.1	Augment 6.1.4 P4.1	Reduce impacts of building bulk on adjoining properties by maintaining a setback similar to any adjoining properties or the predominant development context while also complying with relevant overshadowing and visual privacy requirements.			



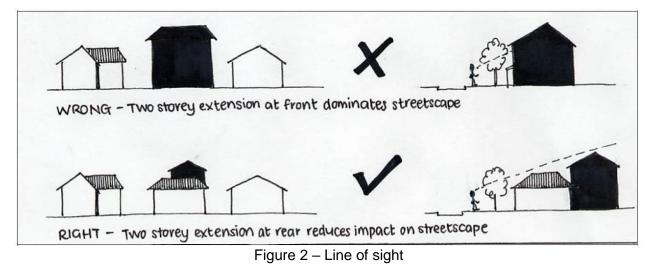
Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R- Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			provisions listed section	t to clause 7.3 replace the Do ons of the R-C o the R-Codes	ned to Comply 8.1 (a) of the R-Codes, the following eemed to Comply requirements in the Codes. For all development that is not s, the following apply as Deemed-to- mply provisions.
		Buildin	g Height		
Augment 5.1.6 P6	Augment 6.1.2 P2	Building height that creates no adverse impact on the amenity of adjoining properties or the streetscape by maintaining similar features of adjoining properties or the streetscape in terms of scale and proportions. The plate height of new dwellings, particularly the portions in view from the street, should approximate the street's typical wall plate height to avoid an under scaled squat appearance.	Replace 5.1.6 C6	Replace 6.1.2 C2	Minimum building height fronting primary street: 3mMaximum building height:ElementMax allowable Heights for Two Storey DwellingsTop of external wall (roof above)7 metres metresTop of external wall (concealed roof)8 metres (concealed roof 10 metres
New 5.1.6 P6.1		Windows and gables are consistent with the existing dwellings in the street.	New 5.1.6 C6.1	New 6.1.2 C2.1	Loft additions where the development is contained wholly within the roof space and where there is no visible change to the dwellings appearance from the street.
		Setback of Gara	ges and C	arports	
Augment 5.2.1 P5.1	Augment 6.3.4	Maintaining an absence of car parking facilities within the streetscape.	Replace 5.2.1 C1.1, C1.2 and C1.5		Carports, garages or hardstand car bays are to be located at the rear of the property where ROW access is available. Carports setback 500mm behind the front setback line where access is from the Primary Street.
		Street Su	ırveillance		
Augment 5.2.3 P3	Augment 6.2.1 P1.1	Buildings to be designed to encourage active use and actual surveillance of the front yard by including verandahs, porches or Outdoor Living Areas and by including habitable rooms at the front of the dwelling.	Replace 5.2.3 C3.1	Replace 6.2.1 C1.1	A front verandah is incorporated into the façade of new dwellings (at a minimum 50% of the width of the front façade) with a useable minimum depth of 1.8 metres.



Housing (the R-Code	Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R- Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			Deemed to Comply Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions replace the Deemed to Comply requirements in the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Deemed-to- Comply provisions.		
		Street Walls	s and Fend	es		
Augment 5.2.4 P4	Augment 6.2.2 P2	Ensure front boundary fences enhance the streetscape by being designed in the predominant style of the street and are low enough to retain views to dwellings and front gardens.	Replace 5.2.4 C4	Replace 6.2.2 C2	 a) The maximum height of new fences facing the street is to be 1.8 metres above natural ground level; b) The maximum height of any solid portion of a new fence is to be 750mm above natural ground level. The remaining portion is to be a minimum of 80% visually permeable; and c) The maximum height of fence piers with decorative capping to be 2.0 metres above natural ground level. 	
		General Bui	Iding Desi	gn	·	
New 5.4.6 P6.1	New 6.2.4 P4.3	The roof of a building is to be designed so that it is similar to the existing streetscape character.	New 5.4.6 C6.1	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Roof pitch of ground and upper storeys of between 30 and 40 degrees, with 35 - 45 degree pitches to gables where it can be viewed from the street.	
New 5.4.6 P6.2	New 6.2.4 P4.4	New buildings must respond to the prevailing surrounding character and ensure unsympathetic contrasts in scale mass and materials are avoided.	New 5.4.6 C6.2	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	New dwellings' floor levels match, or mediate between, properties on both sides of the proposed dwelling. Note: Floor levels of the original dwellings in Carr Street are raised approximately 300 - 500mm above footpath level, which assists to define the verandah area and provide additional privacy as views into front rooms are obscured.	
New 5.4.6 P6.3	New 6.2.4 P4.5	Each street facing window should have a style that suits the predominant character of the street and the architectural style of the proposed dwelling.	New 5.4.6 C6.3	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Street facing windows have a height of at least 1.6 times their width.	
New 5.4.6 P6.4	New 6.2.4 P4.6	Additions visible from the street should be compatible with and respectful of the existing dwelling and the predominant character of the original dwellings within the street.	New 5.4.6 C6.4	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Additions to existing buildings will only be supported where they are located behind the original façade and set back so that the original building and roof form remains the dominant feature to the street.	



Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R- Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.	Deemed to Comply Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions replace the Deemed to Comply requirements in the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Deemed-to- Comply provisions.
Dem	olition
Application for development approval should maintain the front façade of the original dwelling.	Applications for development approval retain the original dwelling. ²



² Schedule 2, Part 7, Clause 61(1)(e) in the *Planning and Development (Local Planning Schemes) Regulations 2015* does not require a development application for the demolition of a single house, ancillary dwelling, outbuilding, external fixture, boundary wall or fence, patio, pergola, veranda, garage, carport or swimming pool where the structure is not affected by heritage legislation. C7.4 has been included as the requirement in the Regulations may be removed and the provision could then be implemented.



APPENDIX 4: JANET STREET HERITAGE AREA GUIDELINES

These guidelines are to be read in conjunction with the City's Policy 7.5.15 – Character Retention Areas and Heritage Areas.



Figure 1 – Janet Street Heritage Area

1. PURPOSE

These guidelines have been adopted for the purpose of preserving and enhancing the established neighbourhood character and amenity of Janet Street, while allowing for new development that meets the changing needs of the community.

The guidelines:

- 1. Provide a basis for the control of all development within the Janet Street Character Retention Area including new buildings and additions/alterations to existing buildings;
- 2. Replace the deemed to comply requirements and/or provide additional deemed to comply requirements in relation to certain elements of the R-Codes.

2. STATEMENT OF HERITAGE SIGNIFICANCE

Janet Street has moderate aesthetic value through its dominant display of single storey residences constructed in the Federation and Interwar style of architecture.

Janet Street has moderate historic value as an almost intact and cohesive example of a 20th century streetscape, with the residences that were predominantly built in the 1920's. It provides a good and rare historic record of the accommodation of people in this period.

Janet Street demonstrates a cohesive physical form in the public realm. The overall form, style, height, setback and selection of materials of the historic dwellings contribute to the uniformity of the streetscapes, providing a coherent character with varied levels of intactness.



3. RECORD OF PLACES

Property Address	Constructed (circa)	Architectural style	Level of Significance
1 Janet St	c1922	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution
2 Janet St	c1924	Federation bungalow	Moderate Contribution
3 Janet St	c1922	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution
4 Janet St	c1923	Federation bungalow	Moderate Contribution
5 Janet St	c1922	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution
6 Janet St	c1923	Federation bungalow	Moderate Contribution
7 Janet St	c1922	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution
8 Janet St	c1923	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution
9 Janet St	c1921	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution
10 Janet St	c1923	Federation bungalow	Moderate Contribution
11 Janet St	c1921	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution
12 Janet St	c2009	Contemporary dwelling	No Contribution
13 Janet St	c1921	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution
14 Janey St	c1923	Federation bungalow	Moderate Contribution
15 Janet St	c1923	Interwar bungalow	Moderate Contribution

4. JANET STREET LOCAL HOUSING OBJECTIVES

- Retention and conservation of the original Federation style dwellings;
- Protection and enhancement of the existing streetscape character;
- Retention of the visual character of late nineteenth to early twentieth century residential development;
- Encouragement of a high standard of architectural and sustainable design solutions for additions to existing buildings and the development of new buildings;
- Ensuring additions to existing buildings and new dwellings are appropriately setback so as to maintain the visual prominence of the single storey streetscape when viewed from Janet Street;
- New development is appropriate in scale and bulk in relation to the original street pattern, maintaining front and side setback patterns;
- The reinstatement and reconstruction of missing design elements to original building facades such a timber verandah, decorative timber gables and the removal of render from original brickwork; and site features such as landscaping and front fences;
- Maintain the absence of and promote the removal of visually intrusive car storage structures and spaces, and vehicular crossovers to the primary streetscape; and
- Maintain an open atmosphere of street frontage by ensuring front boundary fences are low and/or visually permeable.

5. DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES FOR ALL BUILDINGS

Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			replace the the the R-Code:	clause 7.3.1 (Deemed to Co s. For all deve	emed to Comply (a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions omply requirements in the listed sections of lopment that is not subject to the R-Codes, y as Deemed-to-Comply provisions.
		Stre	eet Setbac	ks	
Augment 5.1.2 P2.1	Augment 6.1.3 P3	Dwellings should not detract from the streetscape by being set back too close or too far from the front boundary when compared with adjacent properties or the predominant streetscape character.	Replace 5.1.2 C2.1	Replace 6.1.3 C3.1	Ground floor street setbacks to be an average of the two directly adjoining properties on either side of the proposed development. First floor development shall not be located within 4 meters of the ground floor primary street setback; or



Pursuant to Local Hou sections of subject to	clause 7.3.1 (sing Objective the R-Codes. the R-Codes,	sing Objectives b) of the R-Codes, the following as augment or add to the listed For all development that is not the following apply as Design inciples.	replace the the the the replace the the R-Codes	clause 7.3.1 (Deemed to Co s. For all devel	mply requirements	he following provisions in the listed sections of subject to the R-Codes,
New 5.1.2 P2.3	New 6.1.3 P3.1	First floor development is to be adequately setback to maintain the predominant single storey appearance of the streetscape.			First floor deve visible from Jar measured in ac 'Figure 2 – Line	cordance with
		Lot Bou	Indary Set	backs		
Augment 5.1.3 P3.1	Augment 6.1.4 P4.1	Reduce impacts of building bulk on adjoining properties by maintaining a setback similar to any adjoining properties or the predominant development context while also complying with relevant overshadowing and visual privacy requirements.				
		Bui	Iding Heig	ht		
Augment 5.1.6 P6.1	Augment 6.1.2 P2	Building height that creates no adverse impact on the amenity of adjoining properties or the streetscape by maintaining similar features of adjoining properties or the streetscape in terms of scale and proportions. The plate height of new dwellings, particularly the portions in view from the street, should approximate the street's typical wall plate height to avoid an under scaled squat appearance.	Replace 5.1.6 C6	Replace 6.1.2 C2	primary street: Maximum build Element Top of external wall (roof above) Top of external wall (concealed roof) Top of pitched roof	ing height: Max allowable Heights for Two Storey Dwellings 7 metres 8 metres 10 metres
New 5.1.6 P6.1		Windows and gables are consistent with the existing dwellings in the street.	New C6.1	New 6.1.2 C2.1	within the roof s there is no visit	where the contained wholly space and where ole change to the arance from the
		Setback of G	arages an	d Carport	5	
Augment 5.2.1 P5.1		Maintaining an absence of car parking facilities within the streetscape.	Replace 5.2.1 C1.1, C1.2 and C1.5		bays are to be	ges or hardstand car located at the rear where ROW access

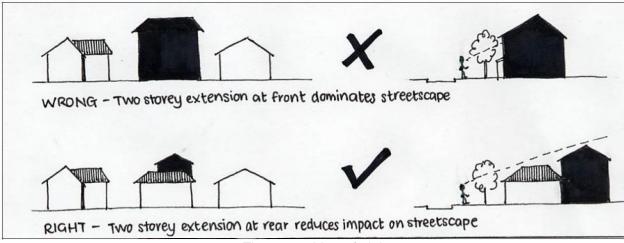


Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.		replace the the the the R-Codes	clause 7.3.1 (Deemed to Co s. For all deve	emed to Comply a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions mply requirements in the listed sections of lopment that is not subject to the R-Codes, y as Deemed-to-Comply provisions.				
					Carports setback 500mm behind the front setback line where access is from the Primary Street.			
	Street Surveillance							
Augment 5.2.3 P3	Augment 6.2.1 P1.1	Buildings to be designed to encourage active use and actual surveillance of the front yard by including verandahs, porches or Outdoor Living Areas and by including habitable rooms at the front of the dwelling.	Replace 5.2.3 C3.1	Replace 6.2.1 C1.1	A front verandah is incorporated into the façade of new dwellings (at a minimum 50% of the width of the front façade) with a useable minimum depth of 1.8 metres.			
	•		Valls and F	ences				
Augment 5.2.4 P4	Augment 6.2.2 P2	Ensure front boundary fences enhance the streetscape by being designed in the predominant style of the street and are low enough to retain views to dwellings and front gardens.	Replace 5.2.4 C4	Replace 6.2.2 C2	 a) The maximum height of new fences facing the street is to be 1.2 metres above the adjacent footpath level; b) The maximum height of any solid portion of a new fence is to be 500mm above the adjacent footpath level. The remaining portion is to be a minimum of 40% visually permeable; c) The maximum height of fence piers with decorative capping to be 1.8 metres above the adjacent footpath level; and d) Maximum width of piers to be 470mm or e) The maximum height of new fences facing the street is to be 1.8 metres above the adjacent footpath level; and d) Maximum width of piers to be 470mm or g) The maximum height of any solid portion of a new fence is to be 750mm above the adjacent footpath level. The remaining portion is to be a minimum of 80% visually permeable; and g) The maximum height of fence piers with decorative capping to be 2.0 metres above the adjacent footpath level. 			



Local Housing Objectives Pursuant to clause 7.3.1 (b) of the R-Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment or add to the listed sections of the R-Codes. For all development that is not subject to the R-Codes, the following apply as Design Principles.			replace the the the R-Code	o clause 7.3.1 (Deemed to Co es. For all deve	emed to Comply a) of the R-Codes, the following provisions mply requirements in the listed sections of lopment that is not subject to the R-Codes, y as Deemed-to-Comply provisions.
		General	Building	Design	
New 5.4.6 P6.1	New 6.2.4 P4.3	The roof of a building is to be designed so that it is similar to the existing streetscape character.	New 5.4.6 C6.1	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Roof pitch between 30 and 40 degrees, with 35 - 45 degree pitches to gables where it can be viewed from the street.
New 5.4.6 P6.2	New 6.2.4 P4.4	New buildings must respond to the prevailing surrounding character and ensure unsympathetic contrasts in scale mass and materials are avoided.	New 5.4.6 C6.2	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	New dwellings' floor levels match, or mediate between, properties on both sides of the proposed dwelling. Note: Floor levels of the original dwellings in Janet Street are raised approximately 300mm above footpath level, which assists to define the verandah area and provide additional privacy as views into front rooms are obscured.
New 5.4.6 P6.3	New 6.2.4 P4.5	Each street facing window should have a style that suits the predominant character of the street and the architectural style of the proposed dwelling.	New 5.4.6 C6.3	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Street facing windows have a height of at least 1.6 times their width.
New 5.4.6 P6.4	New 6.2.4 P4.6	Additions visible from the street should be compatible with and respectful of the existing dwelling and the predominant character of the original dwellings within the street.	New 5.4.6 C6.4	Pursuant to 6.2.4 C4	Additions to existing buildings will only be supported where they are located behind the original façade and set back so that the original building and roof form remains the dominant feature to the street.

Applications for development approval should Applications for development approval that retain the maintain the front façade of a contributing dwelling. original dwelling are considered acceptable.







APPENDIX 5 –THE BOULEVARDE, KALGOORLIE STREET AND MATLOCK STREET CHARACTER RETENTION GUIDELINES

These guidelines are to be applied to all development within the following areas:

	Guideline Area		
1.	The Boulevarde – between Scarborough Beach Road and Anzac Road		
2.	2. Kalgoorlie Street – between Ashby Street and Anzac Road		
3.	Matlock Street – between Anzac Road and Britannia Road		

Table 1: Properties included in The Boulevarde, Kalgoorlie Street and Matlock Street Character Retention Area

Application of the Guidelines

The Guidelines apply to development:

- 1. Where the dwelling is fronting the primary street within the guideline area; and
- 2. Is within the area that is visible from the primary street.

These guidelines are to be read in conjunction with the City's Policy 7.5.15 - Character Retention Areas and Heritage Areas, the City's Local Planning Scheme No. 2, the Residential Design Codes and Policy <math>7.1.1 - Built Form.

Statement of Character

The Guideline Area's prevailing character is summarised as follows:

- Significantly intact examples of early twentieth century residential development comprising modest, single storey dwellings constructed during the Interwar period;
- Development comprising predominately original dwelling form and style with consistent height and selection of materials;
- A high level of retained traditional details including street facing verandas, traditional pitched roof form, chimneys, vertical window articulation and traditional building materials;
- Front setbacks that are generally consistent, reinforcing the building edge and maintaining a consistent pattern of development, allowing view lines along the fronts of dwellings;
- Front gardens are generally low and open and would traditionally have been planted with shrubs and roses, with flowerbeds or low ground cover;
- Front fences are low and or visually permeable, generally with an absence of solid, obtrusive front fences; and
- New development is generally sympathetic to the form, bulk and scale of the original dwellings.

Development Objectives:

- Retention and conservation of original dwellings;
- Protection and enhancement of the original streetscape character;
- Retention of the visual character of the early twentieth century Interwar styles of architecture;
- Encourage a high standard of architectural and sustainable design solutions for new development and additions to existing development;
- New development that is visible from the street responds appropriately and complements and complements the surrounding streetscape through:
 - consistent scale and bulk in relation to the original street pattern, maintaining front and side setback patterns; and



- built form that incorporates consistent physical built form elements of the prevailing character without the requirement to mimic the style of the original character dwellings.
- Development to the rear of a dwelling where not visible from the street may be contemporary in style, respecting the scale and bulk of the prevailing character;
- Maintain the absence of and promote the removal of visually intrusive car parking structures and vehicular crossovers to the primary streetscape; and
- Maintain an open atmosphere of street frontage by ensuring front boundary fences are low and/or visually permeable.

Local Housing Objectives	Deemed to Comply
Pursuant to Clause 7.3.1(b) of the Residential Design	Pursuant to Clause 7.3.1(a) of the Residential Design
Codes, the following Local Housing Objectives augment	Codes, the following provisions replace the Deemed to
the Design Principles of the Residential Design Codes as	Comply requirements of the Residential Design Codes
specified.	as specified.
1. Street Setbacks	
Augments Clause 5.1.2 P2.1 and P2.2	Replaces Clause 5.1.2 C2.1 i and ii and Clause 6.1.3
01.1	C1.1
The setbacks of dwellings should reflect the predominant	Ground floor primary street setbacks to be an average
streetscape pattern and be consistent with adjacent	of the two directly adjoining properties on either side of
properties.	the proposed development.
01.2	C1.2
First floor development is to be adequately setback to	Two storey development is to be setback a minimum of
maintain the predominant single storey appearance of	4m behind the predominant ground floor building line.
the streetscape.	
2. Lot Boundary Setbacks	
Augments Clause 5.1.3 P3.1	
02.1	
Reduce impacts of building bulk on adjoining properties	
by maintaining a setback similar to any adjoining	
properties or the predominant development context while	
also complying with relevant overshadowing and visual	
privacy requirements.	
3. Building Height	
Augments Clause 5.1.6 P6	Replaces Clause 5.1.6 C6
03.1	C3.1
Building height that creates no adverse impact on the	Dwellings shall be a maximum of two storeys and
amenity of adjoining properties or the streetscape by	comply with the following heights:
upholding similar features in terms of the prevailing bulk,	
scale and proportions of the existing streetscape.	 Top of external wall: 7 metres
	 Top of pitched roof: 10 metres
03.2	
The wall height of new dwellings, particularly the portions	C3.2
in view from the street, should approximate the street's	Loft additions must be contained wholly within the roof
typical wall height to avoid an under scaled squat	space and shall not result in a visible change to the
appearance.	dwelling's appearance from the street.
4 Corogos and Corports	l
4. Garages and Carports Augments Clause 5.2.1 P1	Poplaces Clause 5.2.1.C1.1.C1.2 and C1.5
	Replaces Clause 5.2.1 C1.1, C1.2 and C1.5 C4.1
04.1	
Carports and garages should be located so as to	Carports, garages or hardstand car parking bays are to
maintain the absence of car parking facilities within the	be located at the rear of the property where right of
streetscape.	way access is available.



O4.2	C4.2
Car parking facilities located within front setback areas	Garages shall be setback a minimum of 500mm behind
should ensure that the predominant character elements	the front building line where access is from the primary
of the dwelling are visible and unobstructed.	street.
-	
O4.3	C4.3
Car parking facilities that do not unduly impact the	Carports may be considered in front setback areas but
presentation of the dwelling to the streetscape.	only where no alternative location exists and a
	minimum setback of 1.5m from the primary street is
	maintained. Such carports shall not be fitted with any
	style of roller or tilt up panel door.
	C4.4
	Where carports are considered appropriate in front
	setback areas, carports shall be open in style and
	allow an unobstructed view of the dwelling from the
	street.
	C4.5
	Garages and carports must respect the existing
	dwellings' predominant colour, scale and materials and
	must be complementary and subservient to the
	dwelling.
	C4.6
	Carports and garages shall have a maximum wall
	height of 2.7m.
	C4.7
	Carports located within front setback areas shall have
	a maximum width of 5.5 metres (internal) or one-third
	the frontage of the lot, whichever is the lesser.
5. Street Surveillance Augments Clause 5.2.3 P3	Replaces Clause 5.2.3 C3.2
05.1	C5.1
	There must be at least one habitable room
Buildings to be designed to encourage active use and actual surveillance of the front yard by including	
verandahs, porches or outdoor living areas and by	incorporated into the front elevation of the dwelling.
	C5 2
including habitable rooms at the front of the dwelling.	C5.2 Each babitable room facing the primary street must
including habitable rooms at the front of the dwelling.	Each habitable room facing the primary street must
including habitable rooms at the front of the dwelling.	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and
	Each habitable room facing the primary street must
6. Street Walls and Fences	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling.
6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling. Replaces Clause 5.2.4 C4
6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4 O6.1	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling. Replaces Clause 5.2.4 C4 C6.1
 6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4 O6.1 New fences within the front setback area shall enhance 	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling.
 6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4 O6.1 New fences within the front setback area shall enhance the streetscape by being consistent in materials, style 	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling.
 6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4 O6.1 New fences within the front setback area shall enhance 	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling.
 6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4 O6.1 New fences within the front setback area shall enhance the streetscape by being consistent in materials, style and colour of the original fences within the street. 	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling.
 6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4 O6.1 New fences within the front setback area shall enhance the streetscape by being consistent in materials, style and colour of the original fences within the street. O6.2 	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling.
 6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4 O6.1 New fences within the front setback area shall enhance the streetscape by being consistent in materials, style and colour of the original fences within the street. O6.2 Front fences that are low and visually permeable in order 	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling.
 6. Street Walls and Fences Augments Clause 5.2.4 P4 O6.1 New fences within the front setback area shall enhance the streetscape by being consistent in materials, style and colour of the original fences within the street. O6.2 	Each habitable room facing the primary street must have at least one major opening with clear glazing and a clear view of the street and approach to the dwelling.
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	C6.4 The maximum width of piers is to be 470mm.
	C6.5 The material(s) proposed include one or more of the following selected to reflect the predominate materials of fences within the Guideline Area: i. Timber pickets; or ii. Brick; or iii. Rendered masonry.
	OR
	C6.6 The maximum height of new fences within the front setback area is to be 1.8 metres above the adjacent footpath level;
	C6.7 The maximum height of any solid portion of a new fence is to be 750mm above the adjacent footpath level. The remaining portion is to be a minimum of 80% visually permeable;
	C6.8 The maximum height of fence piers with decorative capping is to be 2m above the adjacent footpath level; and
	C6.9 The maximum width of piers is to be 470mm.
	C6.10 The material(s) proposed include one or more of the following selected to reflect the predominate materials of fences within the Guideline Area: i. Timber pickets; or ii. Brick; or iii. Rendered masonry.
7. General Building Design	

New Local Housing Objectives as per Clause 7.3.1(b) of the Residential Design Codes

07.1

New development is sympathetic to and complements the prevailing character, avoiding unsympathetic scale, mass and materials.

07.2

Additions visible from the street shall be compatible with and respectful of the existing dwelling and the predominant character of the existing streetscape.

07.3

Each street facing window should have a style that suits the predominant character of the street and the architectural style of the proposed dwelling.

07.4

The materials of any new dwellings as viewed from the street shall be consistent with the prevailing character.



07.5

The floor levels of new dwellings shall match or average the floor levels of dwellings on either side of the proposed dwelling.

07.6

The roof pitch for new carports and additions visible from the street is to be consistent and respectful of the existing dwelling's roof pitch and, for new buildings, consistent and respectful of the prevailing character.

07.7

Windows to the front façade of an upper storey addition shall reflect the shape and configuration of the original dwellings' windows when viewed from the primary street.

8. Landscaping

New Local Housing Objectives as per Clause 7.3.1(b) of the Residential Design Codes

08.1

Existing trees on a site, especially mature trees, to be preserved wherever possible.

08.2

The front setback area should be developed as a predominantly soft landscaped garden. The planting of low shrubbery and traditional open garden styles is encouraged.

OFFICE USE ONLY		
Responsible Officer	Manager Policy & Place	
Initial Council Adoption	22/09/2015	
Previous Title	Local Planning Policy 7.5.15 – Character Retention Areas and Heritage Areas	
Reviewed / Amended	12/12/2017, 1/05/2018, 16/02/2021	
Next Review Date	July 2022	